CITY OF KETCHUM, IDAHO

Financial Statements

Year Ended September 30, 2018

CITY OF KETCHUM, IDAHO

Financial Statements For the year ended September 30, 2018

Table of Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
Required Supplementary Information - Part I	3-11
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-11
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Activities	13
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	15
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
Proprietary Funds:	. 47
Statement of Net Position	17 18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position	19
Statement of Cash Flows	
Notes to the Financial Statements	20-34
Required Supplementary Information - Part II	
General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule	35
City Sales Tax Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule	36
In-Lieu Housing Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule	37
Public Employee Pension Information	38
Other Supplementary Information - Part III	
Combining Statements:	00.40
Balance Sheets - Other Governmental Funds	39-40 41-42
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures - Other Governmental Funds	41-42
Bond - Future Principal and Interest Requirements	40-40
Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit	
of the General Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	47-48



2190 Village Park Avenue, Suite 300 • Twin Falls, ID 83301 • 208.733.1161 • Fax: 208.733.6100

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

November 9, 2018

To the City Council City of Ketchum, Idaho

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ketchum, Idaho, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Ketchum, Idaho's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ketchum, Idaho, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3–11 and 35–38 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The supplementary information on pages 39-46 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the supplementary information along with the schedule of expenditure of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 9, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Ketchum, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Ketchum, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Workman & Company

WORKMAN AND COMPANY Certified Public Accountants Twin Falls, Idaho



CITY OF KETCHUM, IDAHO

Management's Discussion and Analysis

November 9, 2018

The City of Ketchum, Idaho's general purpose external financial statements are presented in this report. The components of the general purpose external financial statements include:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
- Basic Financial Statements
- Other Required Supplementary Information (RSI).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ➤ The total of all fund assets of the City of Ketchum exceeded liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$ 35,978,134. Of that amount, \$ 8,905,756 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet future obligations and programs.
- The Local Option Tax (LOT) receipts increased \$ 241,985 from the previous year. This increase is due to the slightly increased economy in the Valley over the previous year. This Special Revenue Fund received an amount of, \$4,643,332 in the current year.
- ➤ Governmental Fund Revenues were \$ 17,567,692 and expenditures were \$18,109,221.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Ketchum's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial condition. Changes in the City's financial position may be measured over time by increases and decreases in the Statement of Net Position. Information on how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year is presented in the Statement of Activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements. Fund financial statements include the statements for governmental and proprietary funds. Financial statements for the City's component unit are also presented.

Continued...

	Table 1:	Major Features of the Basic Financial Stateme	nts							
	Government-wide	Tunu Financial Statements								
	Financial Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds							
Scope	Entire City government and	Activities of the City that	Activities of the City that are operated							
	the City's component unit.	are not proprietary.	similar to private businesses							
Required financial	* Statement of net position	* Balance sheet	* Statement of net position							
statements	* Statement of activities	* Statement of revenues, expenditures,	* Statement of revenues, expenses,							
		and changes in fund balances	and changes in net position							
		·	* Statement of cash flows							
Accounting basis and	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual accounting and	Accrual accounting and							
measurement focus	economic resources focus	current financial resources focus	economic resources focus							
Type of asset/liability	All assets and liabilities, both	Only assets expected to be used up and	All assets and liabilities, both							
information	financial and capital, and	liabilities that come due during the year or	financial and capital, and							
	short-term and long-term	soon thereafter; no capital assets	short-term and long-term							
Type of inflow/outflow	All revenues and expenses	* Revenues for which cash is received	All revenues and expenses							
information	during the year, regardless	during or soon after the end of the year	during the year, regardless							
	of when cash is received or	* Expenditures when goods or services	of when cash is received or							
	paid	have been received and payment is	paid							
		due during the year or soon thereafter								

Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Refer to Note 1 of the financial statements for more detailed information on the elements of the financial statements. Table 1 above summarizes the major features of the basic financial statements.

CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Condensed Statement of Net Position

The largest component (\$ 26,596,623) of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructure, buildings, equipment, and others), less any related debt outstanding that was needed to acquire or construct the assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to the citizens and businesses in the City; consequently, this net position amount is not eligible for future spending. Restricted net position totals \$475,755. Restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions, debt service requirements, or enabling

Continued...

legislation on how they can be used. The remaining portion of net position is unrestricted, which can be used to finance government operations.

Table 2 below presents the City's condensed statement of net position as of September 30, 2018, derived from the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Table 2: Condensed Statement of Net Position As of September 30, 2018									
		Governmental Activities		Business- type Activities	-	Total Primary Government		Component Unit - Urban Renewal Agency	
Current and other									
assets	\$	8,283,257	\$	2,621,181	\$	10,904,438	\$	1,144,419	
Capital assets		20,187,056		12,261,664		32,448,720		4,909,260	
Total Assets		28,470,313		14,882,845	•	43,353,158		6,053,679	
Deferred Outflows		151,228		54,933		206,161	-		
Current Liabilities		247,102		371,650		618,752	-	298,350	
Long-term liabilities	_	1,327,700		5,449,024		6,776,724		5,446,806	
Total Liabilities	_	1,574,802	-	5,820,674	•	7,395,476	-	5,745,156	
Deferred Inflows	_	160,857	_	24,852	•	185,709	-		
Net assets:			•				-		
Invested in capital as	sets								
net of related debt		19,776,056		6,820,567		26,596,623		0	
Restricted		263,755		212,000		475,755		1,811,404	
Unrestricted	_	6,846,071		2,059,685		8,905,756		(1,502,879)	
Total Net Position	\$	26,885,882	\$	9,092,252	\$	35,978,134	\$	308,525	

Condensed Statement of Activities

Table 3 below presents the City's condensed statement of activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 as derived from the government-wide Statement of Activities. Over time, increases and decreases in net position measure whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating. During the fiscal year, the net position of the governmental activities increased by \$ 8,180,781 or 43.7% percent, the net position of the business-type activities increased by \$ 723,525 or 8.6%, and the net position of the City's Component Unit (Urban Renewal Agency) decreased \$ 2,223,157 or -87.88%. The increase in the City's governmental activities and the decrease in the URA's net position is due mainly to the URA's contribution of property to the City.

Continued...

Table 3: Condensed Statement of Activities As of September 30, 2018								
	-	Governmental Activities		Business- type Activities		Total Primary Government		Component Unit Urban Renewal Agency
Revenue:								
Program revenues								
Charges for services Capital grants	\$	4,118,759	\$	4,171,410	\$	8,290,169	\$	50,098
/contributions	_	4,463,588				4,463,588	_	
Total program revenues	_	8,582,347		4,171,410		12,753,757		50,098
General revenues								
Taxes Franchise, licenses,		8,778,729				8,778,729		1,410,408
permits		1,239,003				1,239,003		
State shared revenues		1,548,803				1,548,803		
Interest		136,540		40,881		177,421		23,248
Gain (Loss) on sale of assets		1,352,614				1,352,614		
Other revenues	_	374,939		30,912		405,851	_	3,988
Total general revenues	_	13,430,628		71,793		13,502,421	_	1,437,644
Total revenues	_	22,012,975		4,243,203		26,256,178		1,487,742
Program expenses:						•		
General government		4,512,875				4,512,875		3,422,276
Public safety		3,992,820				3,992,820		
Streets		1,619,570				1,619,570		
Parks and recreation		529,576				529,576		
Transportation		3,083,953				3,083,953		
Affordable Housing		70,000				70,000		
Wastewater				1,776,289		1,776,289		
Water				1,531,347		1,531,347		
Interest, long-term debt		23,400		212,042		235,442	_	301,623
Total program expenses	_	13,832,194		3,519,678		17,351,872		3,723,899
Change in net position		8,180,781		723,525		8,904,306		(2,236,157)
Beginning net position	_	18,705,101		8,368,727		27,073,828		2,544,682
Ending net position	\$	26,885,882	\$	9,092,252	\$	35,978,134	\$	308,525

Continued...

Program Expenses and Revenues for Governmental Activities

Table 4 below presents program expenses and revenues for governmental activities. Overall, program revenues were not sufficient to cover program expenses for governmental activities. The net program expenses of these governmental activities were therefore supported by general revenues, mainly taxes.

Table 4: Program Expenses and Revenues for Government Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	-	Program Program Expenses Revenues		Net Expense (Revenues) (a)	
General government	\$	4,512,875	\$	7,801,584	\$ 3,288,709
Public safety		3,992,820		471,265	(3,521,555)
Streets		1,619,570		110,095	(1,509,475)
Parks and Recreation		529,576		199,403	(330,173)
Transportation		3,083,953			(3,083,953)
Affordable Housing		70,000			(70,000)
Interest on long-term debt	_	23,400	_		(23,400)
Totals	\$	13,832,194	\$	8,582,347	\$ (5,249,847)

(a) Net Program Expenses are mainly supported by taxes.

Program Expenses and Revenues for Business-type Activities

Table 5 below presents program expenses and revenues for business-type activities. Program revenues generated from business-type activities were sufficient to cover program expenses.

Table 5: Program Expenses and Revenues
for Business-type Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

City Programs		Program Expenses		Program Revenues	Net Program Expenses (Revenues)	
Wastewater	\$	1,776,289	\$	2,213,492	\$ 437,203	
Water		1,531,347		1,957,918	426,571	
Interest on long-term debt		212,042			(212,042)	
Totals	\$ _	3,519,678	\$ _	4,171,410	\$ 651,732	

Continued...

The City of Ketchum, Idaho adopts an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement of Governmental Funds is provided below. In total, any negative variances are insignificant.

BUDGET VARIANCES IN THE GENERAL FUND

The changes made to the budget format have moved the City into compliance with the budget standards developed by the Government Finance Officers of America (GFOA). An analysis of budget variances this year shows that more assets were budgeted for expenditure than were expended during the current operating cycle.

Table 6: Analysis of Significant Budget Variances
for Major Government Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Final Budget		Actual		Variances
Revenues:	-	Duaget	_	Actual	-	Variances
Taxes (including						
penalties/interest)	\$	8,604,701	\$	8,778,729	\$	174,028
Franchises, licenses, permits		767,425	•	960,223	·	192,798
State of Idaho		1,466,046		1,548,803		82,757
Fees, Charges for Services		3,237,049		3,815,194		578,145
Other		202,509		295,953		93,444
Totals	-	14,277,730	-	15,398,902	-	1,121,172
Expenditures:						
General Government		3,926,124		3,916,567		9,557
Public Safety		3,775,307		3,871,376		(96,069)
Streets		1,659,914		1,470,612		189,302
Capital Outlay		1,814,056		19,073		1,794,983
Parks and Recreation		569,264		485,810		83,454
Transportation		3,083,953		3,083,953		0
Affordable Housing		70,000		70,000		0
Totals	-	14,898,618	-	12,917,391		1,981,227
	-	, = = -1, -	-		-	
Excess (Deficiency)	\$	(620,888)	\$	2,481,511	\$	3,102,399

Continued...

Table 7: Comparison of Statement of Net Position As of September 30, 2018 and 2017									
		2018		2017	Percentage Change				
Current Assets	\$	10,904,438	\$	11,291,669	-3.4294%				
Capital Assets		32,448,720		23,701,651	36.9049%				
Total Assets		43,353,158		34,993,320	23.8898%				
Deferred Outflow of Resources		206,161		230,585	-10.5922%				
Current Liabilities		618,752		547,576	12.9984%				
Long Term Liabilities		6,776,724		7,398,221	-8.4006%				
Total Liabilities		7,395,476		7,945,797	-6.9259%				
Deferred Inflow of Resources		185,709		204,281	-9.0914%				
Net Position:									
Invested in Capital Assets									
net of related debt		26,596,623		17,356,032	53.2414%				
Restricted		475,755		362,242	31.3362%				
Unrestricted		8,905,756		9,355,553	-4.8078%				
Total Net Position	\$	35,978,134	\$	27,073,827	32.8890%				

OVERALL ANALYSIS

Financial highlights for the City as a whole during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018 show the assets of the City exceeded its liabilities (net position) at the close to the fiscal year by \$35,978,134 (for governmental activities \$26,885,882, for the business-type activities \$9,092,252). Additionally, the City's total net position increased during the year by \$8,904,306. The net position of the governmental activities increased by \$8,180,781, while the net position of the business-type activities increased by \$723,525.

Continued...

Table 8: Changes in Fixed Assets
for All Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Land and Infrastructure Buildings and Improvements Vehicles and Equipment Construction in Progress	\$	5,748,078 30,776,518 7,590,383 122,216	5,535,430 3,347,598 585,933 402,410	(110,000)	\$ 11,173,508 34,124,116 8,108,298 524,626
Totals		44,237,195	9,871,371	(178,018)	53,930,548
Accumulated Depreciation	:	(20,535,543)	(1,007,145)	60,860	(21,481,828)
Net Book Value	\$	23,701,652			\$ 32,448,720

CAPITAL ASSET AND LONG-TERM, ACTIVITY

Capital Asset Activity

At September 30, 2018, the City reported \$20,187,056 in capital assets for governmental activities and \$12,261,664 in capital assets for business-type activities.

Long-term Debt Activity

See Note 4 of the financial statements for information on the City's long-term debt.

FUNDS ANALYSIS

Funds that experienced significant changes during the year are as follows:

Governmental funds

As of the close of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$8,167,155. The fund balance decreased \$ 541,529 during the fiscal year. The decrease is the result of \$17,567,692 of revenues reduced by \$ 18,109,221 of expenditures. The increase in fund balance follows a fund balance increase of \$787,048 in FY2017, and results in large part from budgeted expenditures for capital improvements in the City's funds. The City's managements and Council continue to expend resources under approved budgets and strive to strengthen the City's financial position during uncertain economic times. This ongoing accomplishment is due to the commitment and determination of the City Council and staff to make prudent financial decisions while also seeking to preserve levels of service to the community by continually pursuing and implementing cost savings and efficiencies in operations.

Table 9 below presents an analysis of the fund balances in the Governmental Funds and Enterprise Funds.

Continued...

Table 9: Analysis of Fund Balances for All Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Investment in Capital Assets	Restricted or Assigned	Unassigned	-	Total Balance
General Fund	\$	91,352 \$	2,952,292	\$	3,043,644
City Sales Tax Fund		379,182			379,182
In-Lieu Housing Fund		2,418,519			2,418,519
Capital Improvement Funds		2,050,379			2,050,379
GO Bond Debt Fund		1,945			1,945
Wagon Days Fund		9,731			9,731
Police Trust Fund		97,154			97,154
Community Development Trust Ful	nd	0			0
Park Trust Fund		166,601			166,601
Water	1,152,598	0	806,701		1,959,299
Wastewater	5,667,969	212,000	1,252,984		7,132,953

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Requests for information regarding City finances should be directed to:

Grant Gager City Finance Director City of Ketchum, Idaho P.O. Box 2315 Ketchum, Idaho, 83340 Telephone: (208) 726-3841

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

A special thanks to the City Finance Director, City Clerk and staff, for working so hard to operate the financial department of the City. Also, appreciation is expressed to the Mayor, City Council and all the Department Directors for their cooperation and assistance throughout the year in matters pertaining to the financial affairs of the City.

Respectfully submitted,

Suzanne Frick CITY ADMINISTRATOR

CITY OF KETCHUM, IDAHO Statement of Net Position at September 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	_	Total Primary Government		omponent Unit rban Renewal Agency
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and Deposits \$ Accounts Receivable & Prepaid Expenses	7,389,051	\$ 2,315,519 54,498	\$	9,704,570 54,498	\$	583,623
Taxes Receivable Due From Other Governments	237,022 391,212	39,164		237,022 430,376		11,079
Restricted Cash Other Assets	263,755 2,217	212,000		475,755 2,217		549,717
Totals Capital Assets:	8,283,257	2,621,181	_	10,904,438	_	1,144,419
Land Construction in Progress	8,809,038	15,380 524 ,626		8,824,418 524,626		4,768,746
Infrastructure Buildings and Improvements	2,349,090 9,995,787	24,128,329		2,349,090 34,124,116		146,369
Equipment and Vehicles Accumulated Deprecation	7,292,832 (8,259,691)	815,466 (13,222,137)	_	8,108,298 (21,481,828)	_	(5,855)
Total Capital Assets	20,187,056	12,261,664	_	32,448,720		4,909,260
Total Assets	28,470,313	14,882,845		43,353,158	-	6,053,679
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred Outflows from Pension Activity	151,228	54,933		206,161	_	0
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts and Interest Payable Due To Other Funds Long-term Liabilities: Portion due or payable within one year:	116,102	13,650		129,752		138,350
Bonds Payable Portion due or payable after one year:	131,000	358,000		489,000		160,000
Bonds Payable Unamortized Bond Discount	280,000	4,813,000 (31,881) 301,978		5,093,000 (31,881) 301,978		5,620,000 (173,194)
Unamortized Bond Premium Net Pension Liability Compensated Absences	857,442 190,258	321,690 44,237	_	1,179,132 234,495	_	
Total Liabilities	1,574,802	5,820,674		7,395,476	_	5,745,156
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred Inflows from Pension Activities	160,857	24,852	_	185,709	_	0
NET POSITION						
Invested in Capital Assets - net of related debt Restricted For:	19,776,056	6,820,567		26,596,623		0
Debt Service	263,755	212,000		212,000 263,755		549,717 1,261,687
Other Purposes Unrestricted	6,846,071	2,059,685	-	8,905,756	-	(1,502,879)
Total Net Position	26,885,882	\$9,092,252_	\$	35,978,134	\$ _	308,525

CITY OF KETCHUM, IDAHO Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Progran Fees, Fines,	_	venues		Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets				Compone Unit - Urb	oan
		and Charges		Grants and	7	Governmental	Business Type	,		Renewa	
Activities:	Expenses	for Services		Contributions	-	Activities	Activities	_	Total	Agency	
Governmental:			_		_				0.000.700 ft	50.0	
General Government	\$ 4,512,875	\$ 3,386,688	\$	4,414,896	\$	3,288,709		\$	3,288,709 \$	50,0	90
Public Protection:						(0.504.555)			(0 E04 EEE)		
Public Safety	3,992,820					(3,521,555)	,		(3,521,555)		
Streets	1,619,570			7,800		(1,509,475)			(1,509,475)		
Parks and Recreation	529,576	158,511		40,892		(330,173)			(330,173)		
Transportation	3,083,953					(3,083,953)			(3,083,953)		
Affordable Housing	70,000					(70,000)			(70,000)		
Interest - on long-term debt	23,400		_			(23,400)		_	(23,400)		
Total Governmental Activities	13,832,194	4,118,759	<u>}</u>	4,463,588	-	(5,249,847)		-	(5,249,847)		
Business Type:									100 574		
Water	1,531,347						\$ 426,571		426,571		
Wastewater	1,776,289	2,213,492	2				437,203		437,203		
Interest - on long-term debt	212,042		_				(212,042)		(212,042)		
Total Business-type Activities	3,519,678	4,171,410	<u>)</u>	0			651,732	-	651,732		
Total City of Ketchum, Idaho	\$ 17,351,872	\$ 8,290,169	<u> </u>	4,463,588		(5,249,847)	651,732		(4,598,115)		
Total										(3,673,8	<u>301)</u>
Total	General Rev	ennes.									
	Property					4,135,397			4,135,397	1,410,	,408
	•	tion sales taxes				4,643,332			4,643,332		
		es, licenses, perm	its			1,239,003			1,239,003		
		daho revenue sha		1		954,367			954,367		
		daho sales tax		•		96,317			96,317		
		daho liquor receip	ts			369,662			369,662		
		hway user collecti				128,457			128,457		
		ind interest on pro		ty taxes		12,694			12,694	3,9	963
		ourt and parking f				25,998			25,998		
	Gain (Lo	ss) from Sale of A	sse	ts		1,352,614			1,352,614		
		on investments				136,540	40,881		177,421	23,2	248
	Miscellar					174,806			174,806		25
•		tion of Bond Prem	nium	1			18,843		18,843		
		tion of Bond Disc					(3,321)		(3,321)		
		ss) from Pension				161,441	15,390		176,831		
		general revenues				13,430,628	71,793		13,502,421	1,437,	644
		Changes in net p	ositi	on		8,180,781	723,525		8,904,306	(2,236,	157)
	Net Position	- Beginning				18,705,101	8,368,727	-	27,073,828	2,544,	682
	Net Position	- Ending			\$	26,885,882	\$ 9,092,252	\$	35,978,134	\$308,	,525

CITY OF KETCHUM, IDAHO Balance Sheet Governmental Funds at September 30, 2018

	_	General Fund		City Sales Tax Fund		In-Lieu Housing Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:								
Cash and Cash Deposits Taxes Receivable Accounts Receivable Due From Other Governments	\$	2,699,843 28,255 2,217 391,212	\$	170,415 208,767	\$	2,418,519 \$	2,364,029 \$	7,652,806 237,022 2,217 391,212
Total Assets	\$ _	3,121,527	. \$	379,182	\$.	2,418,519 \$	2,364,029	8,283,257
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts Payable Funds Held in Trust Due To Other Funds	\$ -	77,883	\$		\$	\$	\$ 38,219	77,883 38,219 0
Total Liabilities	-	77,883	-	0		0_	38,219	116,102
FUND BALANCE:								
Non-spendable Restricted Committed							263,755	0 263,755 0
Assigned Unassigned	_	91,352 2,952,292		379,182	_	2,418,519	2,062,055	4,951,108 2,952,292
Total Fund Balance	-	3,043,644	_	379,182	_	2,418,519	2,325,810	8,167,155
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$.	3,121,527	=\$	379,182	=\$	2,418,519	2,364,029	
Amounts reported for governmental activ are different because:	ities	in the Statem	ent	of Net Position	n (p	age 12)		
Governmental fund capital assets are The cost of assets is \$ 28,446,747 a	not and t	financial resou the accumulate	urce ed e	es and therefor depreciation is	re a	re not reported 3,259,691 .	in the funds.	20,187,056
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, are not payable in the current period	net p	pension liabilit d therefore are	y, a e no	ind compensat ot reported in th	ted ne g	absences Jovernmental fu	nds	(1,468,329)
Net Assets of Governmental Activi	ties						:	\$ 26,885,882

CITY OF KETCHUM, IDAHO Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds for the year ended September 30, 2018

REVENUE:	•	General Fund		City Sales Tax Fund		In-Lieu Housing Fund	•	Other Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Property taxes	\$	4,135,397	\$		\$		\$	\$		4,135,397
Local Option sales taxes				4,643,332						4,643,332
Franchises, licenses, permits		960,223						278,780		1,239,003
State of Idaho shared revenue		954,367								954,367
State of Idaho sales tax		96,317								96,317
State of Idaho liquor receipts		369,662								369,662
State highway user collections		128,457								128,457
Penalty/Interest on property taxes		12,694								12,694
County court and parking fines		25,998								25,998
Proceeds from sale of assets								1,469,772		1,469,772
Fees and charges for services		3,327,107				488,087		303,565		4,118,759
Grants and contributions		6,271						56,317		62,588
Earnings on investments		56,490		2,448		34,879		42,723		136,540
Miscellaneous and Reimbursements		72,930				84,243		17,633	_	174,806
Total Revenue		10,145,913		4,645,780		607,209		2,168,790	_	17,567,692
EXPENDITURES:								•		
General Government		3,859,516		57,051				227,137		4,143,704
Public Safety		3,727,835		143,541				4,500		3,875,876
Streets		1,470,612		·				,		1,470,612
Capital outlay		, ,				19,073		4,788,207		4,807,280
Parks and Recreation		485,810				,		22,586		508,396
Transportation		•		3,083,953				•		3,083,953
Affordable Housing				-,,		70,000				70,000
Debt Service								149,400		149,400
	•	0.540.770	-	2 204 545		90.072	•			
Total Expenditures	•	9,543,773	-	3,284,545		89,073	•	5,191,830	_	18,109,221
EXCESS REVENUE (EXPENDITURES)		602,140		1,361,235	•	518,136		(3,023,040)		(541,529)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Operating transfers from other funds Operating transfers (to) other funds		1,341,110 (2,186,288)		(1,473,360)			•	2,793,569 (475,031)		4,134,679 (4,134,679)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(243,038)		(112,125)		518,136		(704,502)		(541,529)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		3,286,682		491,307		1,900,383	-	3,030,312		8,708,684
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	3,043,644	.\$_	379,182	\$	2,418,519	\$	2,325,810	_	8,167,155

CITY OF KETCHUM, IDAHO

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities for the year ended September 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds (Page 15)	\$	(541,529)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as current year expenditures. In the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of current capital outlay for new fixed assets.		
This is the amount of current year depreciation.		(470,381)
This is the amount of new Governmental Fund assets.		9,080,724
This is the amount of disposed of Governmental Fund assets.		(110,000)
Long term liabilities are not recorded in the Governmental funds.		
This is the amount of payments on General Obligation Bonds Payable		126,000
This is the amount of changes in net pension liabilities		154,283
Liability for personal leave days are not recorded in Governmental funds.		
This is the increase in compensated leave during the year.	. **	(58,316)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Page 13)	\$_	8,180,781

CITY OF KETCHUM, IDAHO Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds at September 30, 2018

Assets: Current Assets: Cash and Deposits Accts receivable - customers Accts receivable - other govts.	906,607	\$	1,408,912	\$	
Cash and Deposits Accts receivable - customers	33,600	\$	1,408,912	Φ	
Accts receivable - customers	33,600	\$	1,408,912	æ	
				Ψ	2,315,519
Accts receivable - other govts.			20,898		54,498
3	0.40.007		39,164		39,164
	940,207		1,468,974	-	2,409,181
Restricted Current Assets:	0.0,20.		., ,		-,
Cash and Deposits			212,000		212,000
Total Current Assets	940,207		1,680,974	-	2,621,181
Total Gallett Assets	<u> </u>		1,000,014	-	2,021,101
Capital Assets:					
Plant and equipment	12,118,515	4	3,365,286		25,483,801
· ·			6,055,007)		(13,222,137)
Accumulated depreciation	(7,167,130)			-	
Net Plant and equipment	4,951,385		7,310,279	-	12,261,664
Total Assets	5,891,592		8,991,253	_	14,882,845
Deferred Outflow of Resources:					
Deferred Outflows from Pension Activity	7,540		47,393	-	54,933
Liabilities:					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts and Interest Payable	10,679		2,971		13,650
Current portion long-term debt	173,000		185,000		358,000
Total current liabilities	183,679		187,971	-	371,650
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Bonds Payable	3,498,000		1,315,000		4,813,000
Unamortized Bond Discount	(31,881)		.,0.0,000		(31,881)
Unamortized Bond Premium	159,668		142,310		301,978
	97,115		224,575		321,690
Net Pension Liability	26,850		17,387		44,237
Compensated Absences Payable	3,749,752		1,699,272	-	5,449,024
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,749,752	_	1,099,272	-	3,443,024
Total Liabilities	3,933,431		1,887,243	-	5,820,674
Deferred Inflow of Resources:					
Deferred Inflows from Pension Activity	6,402		18,450	-	24,852
Net Position:			•		
Investment in capital assets					
net of related debt	1,152,598		5,667,969		6,820,567
Restricted	0		212,000		212,000
Unrestricted	806,701		1,252,984		2,059,685
Total Net Position	\$ 1,959,299	\$	7,132,953	\$	9,092,252

CITY OF KETCHUM, IDAHO Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds for the year ended September 30, 2018

	Water	Wastewater	Totals
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 1,833,219	\$ 2,086,818	\$ 3,920,037
Hookups, connections, impact fees	108,543	100,555	209,098
Reimbursements and Misc.	16,156	26,119	42,275
Total Operating Revenue	1,957,918	2,213,492	4,171,410
Operating Expenses:			
Salaries and benefits	424,029	643,283	1,067,312
Administrative and supplies	860,246	843,314	1,703,560
Depreciation	247,072	289,692	536,764
Total Operating Expenses	1,531,347	1,776,289	3,307,636
Operating Income	426,571	437,203	863,774
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Interest Income	14,652	26,229	40,881
Interest Expense	(136,956)		(212,042)
Gain (Loss) on pension activity	13,587	1,803	15,390
Amortization of bond discount	(3,321)		(3,321)
Amortization of bond premuim	1,766	17,077_	18,843
Total Nonoperating	(110,272)	(29,977)	(140,249)
Income before transfers	316,299	407,226	723,525
Transfers in			
Transfers out			
Net Income	316,299	407,226	723,525
Total Net Position - Beginning	1,643,000	6,725,727	8,368,727
Total Net Position - Ending	\$1,959,299	\$ 7,132,953	\$ 9,092,252

CITY OF KETCHUM, IDAHO Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds for the year ended September 30, 2018

	•	Water Fund	V	Vastewater Fund		Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	_		_		_	4 400 044
Receipts from customers	\$	1,944,914	\$	2,191,930	\$	4,136,844
Payments to suppliers		(860,246)		(843,314)		(1,703,560)
Payments to employees		(417,938)		(636,981)		(1,054,919)
Payments from (to) other funds		40.450		00.440		40.075
Other receipts	_	16,156	_	26,119	-	42,275
Net cash provided (used) by operations		682,886		737,754	-	1,420,640
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:						
Purchase and construction of capital assets		(371,241)		(419,406)		(790,647)
Principal paid on capital debt		(172,000)		(180,000)		(352,000)
Interest paid on capital debt	_	(137,750)		(75,237)	-	(212,987)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and						
related financing activities	_	(680,991)	_	(674,643)	-	(1,355,634)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:						
Interest Income	_	14,652	_	26,229	-	40,881
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Deposits		16,547		89,340		105,887
Balances - Beginning of the year	_	890,060	_	1,531,572		2,421,632
Balances - Ending of the year	\$_	906,607	\$_	1,620,912	\$	2,527,519
Displayed as:						
Pooled Cash and Investments		906,607		1,408,912		2,315,519
Restricted Assets	_		_	212,000	·	212,000
Balances - Ending of the year	\$_	906,607	\$_	1,620,912	\$	2,527,519
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net						
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				407.000		062 774
Operating Income (Loss)		426,571		437,203		863,774
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net						
cash provided (used) by operating activities:		0.47.070		200 602		536,764
Depreciation expense		247,072		289,692		550, r 0 4
Changes in assets and liabilities:		2.450		4,557		7,709
Receivables, net		3,152		6,302		12,393
Accounts and other payables	-	6,091	-	0,302		12,000
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activites	\$	682,886	\$_	737,754	\$	1,420,640

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Ketchum, Idaho became an incorporated city under the laws of the State of Idaho on October 16, 1961. The accounting policies of the City of Ketchum, Idaho conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The financial statements of the City of Ketchum, Idaho have been prepared in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities (enterprise funds) provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

(A) Basis of Presentation - Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation:

For this reporting period, the City has conformed its financial statement model to *Governmental Auditing Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34*. This model presents the financial statements as follows:

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the City). These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and proprietary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

-Continued

The City reports the following governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the City's operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following enterprise funds:

Water and Wastewater Fund. This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, and development of the City's water and waste-water facilities.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Component unit column in the financial statements includes the financial data of the City's only discretely presented component unit, the Ketchum Urban Renewal Agency. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is separate from the City's operations. Complete financial statements of the Ketchum Urban Renewal Agency can be requested.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting. The City adheres to City budget requirements in Title 50, Chapter 10 of the Idaho Code. The provisions of this chapter include the following procedures to establish budgetary data which is reflected in these financial statements:

- A. Prior to certifying the tax levy to the County Commissioners, and prior to passing the annual appropriation ordinance, a public meeting shall be held to adopt a budget by a favorable vote of a majority of the members of the council.
- B. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Uncommitted appropriations lapse at year end.
- C. There are no provisions in Title 50, Chapter 10 for budget augmentations.

-continued

Entity Classifications.

- A. City-Wide Financial Statements The City reports net position in three categories invested in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.
- B. Fund Financial Statements The City has adopted GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" (GASB 54) which defines how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. There are five classifications of fund balances as presented below:

Non-spendable – These funds are not available for expenditures based on legal or contractual requirements. In this category, one would see inventory, long-term receivables, unless proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned and legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus or a permanent fund).

<u>Restricted</u> – These funds are governed by externally enforceable restrictions. In this category, one would see restricted purpose grant funds, debt service or capital projects.

<u>Committed</u> – Fund balances in this category are limited by the governments' highest level of decision making. Any changes of designation must be done in the same manner that it was implemented and should occur prior to end of the fiscal year, though the exact amount may be determined subsequently.

<u>Assigned</u> – These funds are intended to be used for specific purposes, intent is expressed by governing body or an official delegated by the governing body.

<u>Unassigned</u> – This classification is the default for all funds that do not fit into the other categories. This, however, should not be a negative number for the general fund. If it is, the assigned fund balance must be adjusted.

Order of Use of Fund Balance – The City's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, non-spendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses. The City allocates indirect expense, primarily comprised of central governmental services, to operating functions and programs benefiting from those services. Central services include overall City management, centralized budgetary formulation and oversight, accounting, financial reporting, payroll, procurement contracting and oversight, investing and cash management, personnel services, and other central administrative services. Allocations are charged to programs based on use of central services determined by various allocation methodologies. As a matter of policy, certain functions that use significant central services are not charged for the use of these services. These functions or programs include police, fire, and certain divisions with public services and parks.

-Continued

(B) Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Deposits and Investments

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the State of Idaho Treasurer's Office for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. The pool's investments are reported at fair value at September 30 of each year based on market prices. The individual funds' portions of the pool's fair value are presented as "Cash and Deposits". Earnings on the pooled funds are apportioned and paid or credited to the funds monthly based on the average daily balance of each participating fund.

Cash and Deposits

The City considers cash and deposits in proprietary funds to be cash on hand. In addition, because the State Treasury Pool is sufficiently liquid to permit withdrawal of cash at any time without prior notice or penalty, equity in the pool is also deemed to be a deposit.

Receivables and Payable

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes are levied each November based on the assessed value of property as listed on the previous September tax rolls. Assessed values are an approximation of market value. The Blaine County Assessor establishes assessed values. Property tax payments are due in one-half installments in December and June. Property taxes become a lien on the property when it is levied.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In 2007, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) released Concepts Statement No. 4 *Elements of Financial Statements* which provides a framework for determining the nature of financial accounting or reporting issues. Since the release of the framework, GASB has been looking at the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet to determine if they should continue to be reflected as such. GASB has concluded that, in order to improve financial reporting, there are assets and liabilities that no longer should be reflected as assets and liabilities. These changes are included in the recently-issued GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Asset and Liabilities*.

These changes include two new items that are reflected on the Statement of Net Position.

- <u>Deferred outflow of resources</u> the current *consumption* of net assets that is applicable to a *future* reporting period.
- <u>Deferred inflows of resources</u> the current *acquisition* of net assets that is applicable to a *future* reporting period.

The City's financial statements may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources which reflects an increase in resources that applies to a future period.

-Continued

Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets used in operations with an initial useful life that extends beyond one year are capitalized. Infrastructure assets such as roads and bridges are also capitalized. They are reported net of accumulated depreciation on the Statement of Net Assets. The City capitalizes assets in excess of \$5,000.

Under the requirements of *GASB Statement No. 34*, the City is considered a Phase 3 government, as its total annual revenues are less than \$10 million. Such governments are not required to report major general infrastructure assets retroactively. Accordingly, the City has determined not to retroactively report this type of capital asset.

Capital assets are recorded at their historical cost and are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	<u>Estimated</u> <u>Useful Lives</u>
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	5-15
Office and Other Equipment	3-15
Computer Equipment	3-15

Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual vacation and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND DEPOSITS

Deposits: Custodial credit risk, in the case of deposits, is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, none of the City's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk because it was insured by the FDIC.

-Continued

Investments: Custodial credit risk, in the case of investments, is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, the City held the following investments:

Investment Type

Idaho State Local Government Investment Pool \$ 9,654,261. (Combined with cash deposits)

These investments are unrated external investment pools sponsored by the Idaho State Treasurer's Office. They are classified as "Investments in an External Investment Pool" and are exempt from custodial credit risk and concentration of credit risk reporting. Interest rate risk is summarized as follows: Asset-backed securities are reported using weighted average life to more accurately reflect the projected term of the security, considering interest rates and repayment factors.

The elected Idaho State Treasurer, following Idaho Code, Section 67-2328, is authorized to sponsor an investment pool in which the City voluntarily participates. The Pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other regulatory body - oversight is with the State Treasurer, and Idaho Code defines allowable investments. All investments are entirely insured or collateralized with securities held by the Pool or by its agent in the Pool's name. And the fair value of the City's position in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Credit Risk: The City's policy is to comply with Idaho State statutes which authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States, obligations of the State or any taxing district in the State, obligations issued by the Farm Credit System, obligations of public corporations of the State of Idaho, repurchase agreements, tax anticipation notes of the State or taxing district in the State, time deposits, savings deposits, revenue bonds of institutions of higher education, and the State Treasurer's Pool.

Interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk: The City has no policy regarding these two investment risk categories.

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is presented on the combined balance sheet as "Cash and Deposits".

Cash and Deposits are comprised of the following at the financial statement date:

Cash on Hand \$ 345

Deposits with financial institutions:

Demand deposits 525,719
State of Idaho Investment Pool 9,654,261

Total <u>\$ 10,180,325</u>

Continued

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the current year ended was as follows:

	Beginning Balances		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:		•		•			
Capital Assets not being depreciated:							
Land \$	4,347,889	\$	4,571,149	\$	(110,000)	\$	8,809,038
Construction in Progress	0				0		0
Total	4,347,889		4,571,149		(110,000)		8,809,038
Capital Assets being depreciated:							
Buildings & Improvements	6,995,787		3,000,000				9,995,787
Infrastructure	1,384,809		964,281				2,349,090
Vehicles and Equipment	6,815,556		545,294		(68,018)		7,292,832
Total	15,196,152		4,509,575		(68,018)		19,637,709
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:	7,850,170		470,381		60,860		8,259,691
Total Net Depreciated Assets	7,345,982		4,039,194		(128,878)		11,378,018
Governmental capital assets, net \$	11,693,871	\$	8,610,343	\$	(238,878)	\$	20,187,056
		•					-
Business-type activities:							
Capital Assets not being depreciated:							
Land \$	15,380	\$		\$		\$	15,380
Construction in Progress	122,216		402,410				524,626
Total	137,596	•	402,410	•	0		540,006
		•		•			
Capital Assets being depreciated:							
Buildings & Improvements	23,780,731		347,598				24,128,329
Vehicles and Equipment	774,827		40,639				815,466
Total	24,555,558	•	388,237		0		24,943,795
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	12,685,373	_	536,764	_			13,222,137
Total Net Depreciated Assets	11,870,185	_	(148,527)	_	0		11,721,658
	-						
Business-type capital assets, net \$	12,007,781	\$	253,883	\$	0	\$	12,261,664
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•		•		•	

Continued

NOTE 4 - BONDS PAYABLE

In December of 2004, the City sold \$ 1,990,000 of Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2004. The proceeds of this issue were used to make improvements to the City's waste water system. The bonds were retired with funds from the 2014 Wastewater Refunding Bonds 2014.

In May of 2006, the City sold \$ 1,730,000 of Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A. The proceeds of this issue were used to make improvements to the City's waste water system. The bonds were retired by the 2014 bond issue.

In November of 2014 the City sold \$ 1,950,000 of Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014. The proceeds from this bond issue retired the City's 2004 and 2006 bond series. This bond issue is to be retired by user fees generated by the City's enterprise fund.

In 2006 outstanding bonds from the City's series 1998 issue were defeased by placing proceeds of a new bond issue, Water Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2006B for \$ 3,030,000, in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt payments on the old bonds. These bonds were retired by the City's Water Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2016.

In September of 2016 the City sold \$ 1,697,000 of Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016. The proceeds from this bond issue retired the City's 2006B bond series. This bond issue is to be retired by user fees generated by the City's enterprise fund.

In May of 2006, the City sold \$ 2,780,000 of Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A. The proceeds of this issue were used to make improvements to the City's water system. These bonds were retired by the City's Water Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2015.

In September of 2015 the City sold \$ 2,310,000 of Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015. The proceeds from this bond issue retired the City's 2006A bond series. This bond issue is to be retired by user fees generated by the City's enterprise fund.

In June of 2007, the City sold \$1,550,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series June 5, 2007. The proceeds of this issue were used for capital equipment acquisitions.

The following is a list of the interest and principal payments through the end of the bond issues:

	Sewer Refunding Bond Series 2014									
<u>FY</u>		Interest		<u>rincipal</u>						
2019	\$	71,300	\$	185,000						
2020		65,750		195,000						
2021		56,000		205,000						
2022		45,750		215,000						
2023		35,000		220,000						
2024-2025		36,500	_	480,000						
Total	\$ <u>_3</u>	10,300	<u>\$ 1</u>	,500,000						

Bonds Payable - Continued

	Water Refunding Bonds 2015		Wat	Water Revenue Bonds 2016	
<u>FY</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	
2019	\$ 110,075	\$ 30,000	\$ 24,551	\$ 143,000	
2020	109,475	30,000	22,064	145,000	
2022	108,575	30,000	19,540	151,000	
2022	107,675	30,000	16,912	152,000	
2023	106,475	30,000	14,269	157,000	
2024-2034	<u>812,500</u>	2,110,000	29,163	663,000	
Total	\$ <u>1,354,775</u>	\$ <u>2,260,000</u>	\$ <u>126,499</u>	\$ <u>1,558,000</u>	

General Obligation Bonds Series June 5, 2007

<u>FY</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>
2019 2020 2021	\$ 18,007 12,336 6,335	\$ 131,000 137,000 143,000
	\$ 36,678	\$ 411,000

NOTE 5 - MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES, GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

The miscellaneous revenues section of the combined statement of revenues and expenditures includes the following amounts:

Total

	<u>Governmental</u>	
Rents URA Refund of Affordable Housing funds Sale of Fixed Assets Miscellaneous	\$ 60,449 84,243 10,516 <u>19,598</u>	
Total	\$ 174,806	

NOTE 6 – LITIGATION

Total

The City, at the financial statement date, is not involved in an action as defendant.

-Continued

NOTE 7 – RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

The ordinance authorizing the Enterprise Fund revenue bonds requires that the City establish certain restricted cash accounts to be used in the retirement of the bonds and improvements to the waste-water systems. In addition, certain cash amounts are restricted for use in law enforcement, zoning ordinance enforcement, and for other restrictions imposed by the City Council in the general fund; and for debt retirement in the long-term debt group of accounts. The City's policy is to first apply unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. These restricted amounts are as follows:

	General <u>Fund</u>	Enterprise <u>Funds</u>
Various Trust Cash	\$ 263,755	* 040 000
Wastewater Bonds Debt Service Totals	\$ 263,755	\$ <u>212,000</u> \$ <u>212,000</u>

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the fiscal year, the City is contracted with Idaho County Risk Management Program (ICRMP) for property, crime and fleet insurance and the State Insurance Fund for workman's compensation. Under the terms of the ICRMP policy, the City of Ketchum's liability is limited to the amount of annual financial membership contributions, including a per occurrence deductible. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage in the current year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

NOTE 9 – KETCHUM URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY

The component unit column in the combined financial statements includes the financial data of the Ketchum Urban Renewal Agency, the City's only discretely presented component unit. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City in accordance with State Urban Renewal law. The Agency has authority to construct public improvements including the acquisition of public right-of-way within the blighted area legally designated as the redevelopment district. The City appoints the governing board of the Agency. The Agency derives its funding from tax increment financing. Complete financial statements for the current year are available from the Agency.

The City advanced \$1,495,830 of cash held for affordable housing construction to the Agency to begin their operations. The Agency has determined to pay this amount back to the City over the next several years as funds become available. These amounts are not accrued in the City's records, but will be recognized as revenue when received in the "In-Lieu Housing Fund". The balance remaining unpaid at the date of these financial statements is \$1,261,687.

-Continued

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The City of Ketchum contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited services (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2018, it was 6.79% for general employees and 8.36% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% for general employees and 11.66% for police and firefighters. The City's contributions were \$455,247 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

-Continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

At September 30, 2018, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion was 0.0799402 percent.

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense (revenue) of (\$176,831). At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
	1	
Differences between expected and actual	0.400.405	0.404.000
experience	\$ 129,435	\$ 131,008
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$ 76,726	
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	\$(68,879)	\$ 54,701
Changes in the employer's proportion and		
differences between the employer's		
contributions and the employer's proportionate		
contributions	\$ (15,794)	
City's contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	\$ 84,673	
Total	\$ 206,161	\$ 185,709

\$ 84,673 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2019.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2017 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 is 4.9 and 5.5 for the measurement period June 30, 2018.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

-Continued

Year ended September 30, 2018:

2018	(\$	68,309)
2019	\$	118,051
2020	\$	33,496
2021	(\$	74,419)
2022	\$	0
Thereafter	\$	0

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, <u>Idaho Code</u>, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.25% Salary increases 4.25 – 10.00%

Salary inflation 3.75%

Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-living adjustments 1%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2013 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. Mortality and all economic assumptions were studied in 2014 for the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2018 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

-Continued

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets. The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2017.

Capital Market Assumptions

	Expected	Expected	Strategic	Strategic
	Return	Risk	<u>Normal</u>	Ranges
Equition			70%	66%-77%
Equities:	9.15%	19.00%	55%	50%-65%
Broad Domestic Equity International	9.15%	20.20%	15%	10%-20%
Fixed Income:	9.25% 3.05%	3.75%	30%	23%-33%
			0%	0%-5%
Cash	2.25%	0.90%	0%	070-570
			Expected	
	Expected	Expected	Real	Expected
	Return	Inflation	Return	Risk
Total Fund				
Actuary	7.00%	3.25%	3.75%	N/A
Portfolio	6.58%	2.25%	4.33%	12.67%
Tortiono	0.0070			
* Expected arithmetic return net of fees and exp	penses			
Actuarial Assumptions:				
Assumed Inflation - Standard				3.25%
Deviation				
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean				2.00%
Return				8.42%
	*			
Portfolio Long-Term Expected				
Geometric Rate of Return				
Assumed Investment Expenses				7.50%
Long-Term Expected				
Geometric Rate of Return				
Net of Investment Expenses				0.40%
				7.10%
"n				,.2070

-Continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	(6.10%)	Rate (7.10%)	(8.10%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$1,297,045	\$1,179,132	\$1,061,219

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov

Payables to the pension plan

At September 30, 2018, the City reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$ 0 for legally required employer contributions and \$ 0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

NOTE 11 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through the date of the auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

	s	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFO	ORMATION	
			•	
• .				

CITY OF KETCHUM, IDAHO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual -- General Fund for the year ended September 30, 2018

	Actual Amounts	Original Budget Amounts	Final Budget Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUE:				
Property taxes Franchises, licenses, permits State of Idaho shared revenue State of Idaho sales tax State of Idaho liquor receipts State highway user collections Penalty and interest on property taxes	\$ 4,135,397 960,223 954,367 96,317 369,662 128,457 12,694	\$ 4,089,943 739,163 909,176 92,676 326,785 122,748 7,135	\$ 4,101,701 767,425 893,837 92,676 356,785 122,748 7,135	\$ 33,696 192,798 60,530 3,641 12,877 5,709 5,559
County court and parking fines Fees, fines and charges for services Grants and contributions Earnings on investments Miscellaneous	25,998 3,327,107 6,271 56,490	17,346 2,799,309 20,000	34,586 3,237,049 20,000	(8,588) 90,058 6,271 36,490
Total Revenue	72,930 10,145,913	9,128,683	<u>59,402</u> 9,693,344	<u>13,528</u> 452,569
EXPENDITURES:				102,000
General Government Public Safety Streets Capital outlay Parks and Recreation Transportation Affordable Housing Debt Service	3,859,516 3,727,835 1,470,612 485,810	3,777,144 3,635,947 1,936,986 569,264	3,862,124 3,635,947 1,659,914 569,264	2,608 (91,888) 189,302 83,454
Total Expenditures	9,543,773	9,919,341	9,727,249	183,476
EXCESS REVENUE (EXPENDITURES) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	602,140	(790,658)	(33,905)	636,045
Operating transfers from other funds Operating transfers (to) other funds	1,341,110 (2,186,288)	1,014,023 (1,031,669)	1,344,937 (2,186,288)	3,827
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(243,038)	(808,304)	(875,256)	639,872
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	3,286,682	3,286,682	3,286,682	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$3,043,644	2,478,378	\$2,411,426	

CITY OF KETCHUM, IDAHO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual -- City Sales Tax Fund for the year ended September 30, 2018

	Actual Amounts	Original Budget Amounts	Final Budget Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUE:				
Property taxes Local Option sales taxes Franchises, licenses, permits State of Idaho shared revenue State of Idaho sales tax State of Idaho liquor receipts State highway user collections Penalty and interest on property taxes County court fines Fees, fines and charges for services Grants and contributions	\$ 4,643,332	\$ 4,363,000	\$ 4,503,000	\$ 140,332 0
Earnings on investments Miscellaneous	2,448	386	386	2,062
Total Revenue	4,645,780	4,363,386	4,503,386	142,394
EXPENDITURES:				
General Government Public Safety Streets Capital outlay	57,051 143,541	49,000 139,360	64,000 139,360	6,949 (4,181)
Parks and Recreation Transportation Affordable Housing Debt Service	3,083,953	3,060,753	3,083,953	0
Total Expenditures	3,284,545	3,249,113	3,287,313	2,768
EXCESS REVENUE (EXPENDITURES)	1,361,235	1,114,273	1,216,073	145,162
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating transfers from other funds Operating transfers (to) other funds	(1,473,360)	(1,114,273)	(1,466,073)	0 7,287
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(112,125)	0	(250,000)	152,449
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	491,307	491,307	491,307	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 379,182	\$491,307	\$ 241,307	

CITY OF KETCHUM, IDAHO Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual -- In-Lieu Housing Fund for the year ended September 30, 2018

		Actual Amounts		Original Budget Amounts		Final Budget Amounts		ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUE:								
Property taxes Local Option sales taxes Franchises, licenses, permits State of Idaho shared revenue State of Idaho sales tax State of Idaho liquor receipts	\$		\$		\$		\$	
State highway user collections Penalty and interest on property taxes								
County court fines Fees, fines and charges for services Grants and contributions		488,087		•				488,087
Earnings on investments		34,879		5,000		5,000		29,879
Miscellaneous	_	84,243		76,000	-	76,000	-	8,243
Total Revenue	_	607,209		81,000		81,000	-	526,209
EXPENDITURES:								
General Government Public Safety								0
Streets Capital outlay Parks and Recreation		19,073		1,814,056		1,814,056		(1,794,983)
Transportation Affordable Housing Debt Service	_	70,000	,	70,000	_	70,000		0
Total Expenditures	_	89,073		1,884,056	-	1,884,056	-	(1,794,983)
EXCESS REVENUE (EXPENDITURES)		518,136		(1,803,056)		(1,803,056)		(1,268,774)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Operating transfers from other funds Operating transfers (to) other funds	-						-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		518,136		(1,803,056)		(1,803,056)		(1,268,774)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	-	1,900,383		1,900,383		1,900,383		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$_	2,418,519	\$	97,327	\$	97,327		

CITY OF KETCHUM, IDAHO PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PENSION INFORMATION For the year ended September 30, 2018

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years*

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Employer's portion of the net pension liability	.0799402%	.0866389%	.0857958%	.0889864%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,179,132 \$	1,361,816 \$	1,739,214 \$	1,171,806
Employer's covered-employee payroll	3,742,286	3,585,052	3,435,203	2,691,486
Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	31.51%	37.99%	50.63%	43.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	3051.24%	1988.07%	1439.94%	1794.56%

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 required ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2018

Schedule of Employer's Contributions PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years*

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 455,247 \$ (455,247)	445,468 \$ (445,468)	425,702 \$ (425,702)	393,730 (393,730)
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution Contribution (deficiency) excess	(455,247)	0	0	0
Employer's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	3,742,286 12.16%	3,585,052 12.43%	3,435,203 12.39%	2,691,486 14.63%

•			
	HER RY INFORMATION		
		r	
			•

CITY OF KETCHUM, IDAHO Combining Balance Sheets Combining Other Governmental Funds at September 30, 2018

	General Capital Improvement Fund	•	Street Capital Improvement Fund	Law Enforce Capital Improvement Fund		Fire/Rescue Capital Improvement Fund
ASSETS:						
Cash and Cash Deposits Taxes Receivable Due From Other Governments	\$ 1,148,776	\$	398,935	\$ 18,025	\$	472,559
Total Assets	\$ 1,148,776	\$.	398,935	\$ 18,025	\$	472,559
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts Payable Funds Held in Trust Due To Other Funds	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	
Total Liabilities	0	-	0	0	•	0
FUND BALANCE:						
Non-spendable Restricted Committed						
Assigned Unassigned	1,148,776	_	398,935	18,025		472,559
Total Fund Balance	1,148,776		398,935	18,025		472,559
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 1,148,776	\$.	398,935	\$ 18,025	\$	472,559

Parks Capital Improvement Fund	GO Bond Debt Fund	Wagon Days Fund	Police/Fire Trust Fund	Community Development Trust Fund	Park Trust Fund	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 12,084 \$	1,945 \$	9,731 \$	97,154 \$	38,219 \$	166,601 \$	2,364,029 0 0
\$ 12,084 \$	1,945 \$	9,731_\$	97,154 \$	38,219 \$	166,601	2,364,029
\$ \$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 38,219	\$	0 38,219 0
0	0	0	0	38,219	0	38,219
12,084	1,945	9,731	97,154		166,601	0 263,755 0 2,062,055 0
12,084	1,945	9,731	97,154	0	166,601	2,325,810
\$ 12,084 \$	1,945_\$	9,731 \$	97,154_\$	38,219 \$	166,601	2,364,029

CITY OF KETCHUM, IDAHO

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Combining Other Governmental Funds for the year ended September 30, 2018

	General Capital Improvement Fund	Street Capital Improvement Fund	Law Enforce Capital Improvement Fund	Fire/Rescue Capital Improvement Fund
REVENUE:				
Property taxes Local Option sales taxes Franchises, licenses, permits State of Idaho shared revenue State of Idaho sales tax State of Idaho liquor receipts State highway user collections	\$ \$ 278,780	\$	\$	
Penalty and interest on property taxes Proceeds from sale of assets	1,469,772			
Froceeds from sale of assets Fees and charges for services Grants and contributions	54,016	102,295 7,800	2,358	47,166
Earnings on investments Miscellaneous	22,528 17,333	9,034	234	6,863
Total Revenue	1,842,429	119,129	2,592	54,029
EXPENDITURES:				
General Government Public Safety Streets	18,260 4,500			
Capital outlay Parks and Recreation Transportation Affordable Housing Debt Service	4,139,826	468,623		153,687
Total Expenditures	4,162,586	468,623	0	153,687
EXCESS REVENUE (EXPENDITURES)	(2,320,157)	(349,494)	2,592	(99,658)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating transfers from other funds Operating transfers (to) other funds	2,095,088	328,331 (451,283)		56,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(225,069)	(472,446)	2,592	(43,658)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	1,373,845	871,381	15,433	516,217
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 1,148,776	398,935	18,025	472,559

Parks Capital Improvement Fund	GO Bond Debt Fund	Wagon Days Fund	Police/Fire Trust Fund	Community Development Trust Fund	Park Trust Fund	Total Governmental Funds
\$ \$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	0
						0 278,780
						0
						0
						0
• •			•			Ő
						1,469,772
22,107		9,528		66,095		303,565
	000	7,625	4 500	40	40,892 1,830	56,317 42,723
298	302	116	1,506 300		1,030	17,633
22,405	302	17,269	1,806	66,107	42,722	2,168,790
		142,770		66,107		227,137
		,				4,500
					00.074	0 4,788,207
					26,071 22,586	22,586
					22,000	0
						0
	149,400					149,400
0	149,400	142,770	0	66,107	48,657	5,191,830
22,405	(149,098)	(125,501)	1,806	0	(5,935)	(3,023,040)
	4.40.000	400.050			32,000	2,793,569
(23,748)	149,900	132,250			32,000	(475,031)
(20,140)						
(1,343)	802	6,749	1,806	0	26,065	(704,502)
13,427	1,143	2,982	95,348	0	140,536	3,030,312
\$ 12,084_\$	1,945_\$	9,731	\$97,154_	\$0	166,601	2,325,810

	Annual Payment						
Consul Obligation Bond	Interest Rate	Fiscal Year		Principal Payment	-	Interest Payment	
General Obligation Bond:							
\$1,550,000 General Obligation Bonds Series June 5, 2007 3.72% - 4.43%							
	4.33% 4.38% 4.43%	2019 2020 2021	\$	131,000 137,000 143,000	\$	18,007 12,336 6,335	
			\$_	411,000	\$_	36,678	

terest	Fiscal		Principal		
Rate	Year		Payment	-	Interest Payment
.74%	2019 2020 2021	\$	143,000 145,000 151,000	\$	24,551 22,064 19,540
74%	2022 2023 2024		152,000 157,000		16,912 14,269 11,537
.74% .74%	2025 2026		162,000 166,000		8,717 5,899 3,010
	.74% .74% .74% .74% .74% .74% .74% .74%	.74% 2019 .74% 2020 .74% 2021 .74% 2022 .74% 2023 .74% 2024 .74% 2025 .74% 2026	.74% 2019 \$.74% 2020 .74% 2021 .74% 2022 .74% 2023 .74% 2024 .74% 2025 .74% 2026	.74% 2019 \$ 143,000 .74% 2020 145,000 .74% 2021 151,000 .74% 2022 152,000 .74% 2023 157,000 .74% 2024 162,000 .74% 2025 162,000 .74% 2026 166,000	.74% 2019 \$ 143,000 \$.74% 2020 145,000 .74% 2021 151,000 .74% 2022 152,000 .74% 2023 157,000 .74% 2024 162,000 .74% 2025 162,000 .74% 2026 166,000

	Annual Payment						
Water Revenue Bond:	Interest Rate	Fiscal Year	Principal Payment	Interest Payment			
Water Revenue Refunding Bonds 2015 \$2,310,000, September 2, 2015 2.00% - 5.00%							
	2.00% 3.00% 4.00% 3.25% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00%	2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034	\$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 30,000 30,000 35,000 35,000 255,000 270,000 285,000 310,000 330,000 235,000 235,000	110,075 109,475 108,575 107,675 106,475 105,500 104,000 102,250 100,500 99,000 86,250 72,750 58,500 43,750 28,250 11,750			
			\$ 2,260,000	1,354,775			

	Annual Payment						
Wastewater Revenue Bond:	Interest Rate	Fiscal Year		Principal Payment	-	Interest Payment	
Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds 2 \$1,950,000, November 18, 2014 2.00% - 5.00%	014						
	3.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00%	2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	\$	185,000 195,000 205,000 215,000 220,000 230,000 250,000	\$	71,300 65,750 56,000 45,750 35,000 24,000 12,500	
			\$_	1,500,000	\$	310,300	



2190 Village Park Avenue, Suite 300 • Twin Falls, ID 83301 • 208.733.1161 • Fax: 208.733.6100

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

November 9, 2018

To the City Council City of Ketchum, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ketchum, Idaho, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Ketchum, Idaho's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Ketchum, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Ketchum, Idaho's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Ketchum, Idaho's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Ketchum, Idaho's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Report Continued—

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Workman & Company

WORKMAN AND COMPANY Certified Public Accountants Twin Falls, Idaho